

# Child poverty, disasters and climate change: investigating relationships and implications over the life course of children



## Children are both directly and indirectly affected by disasters



## The links between natural hazards and children's wellbeing at different stages of their life course

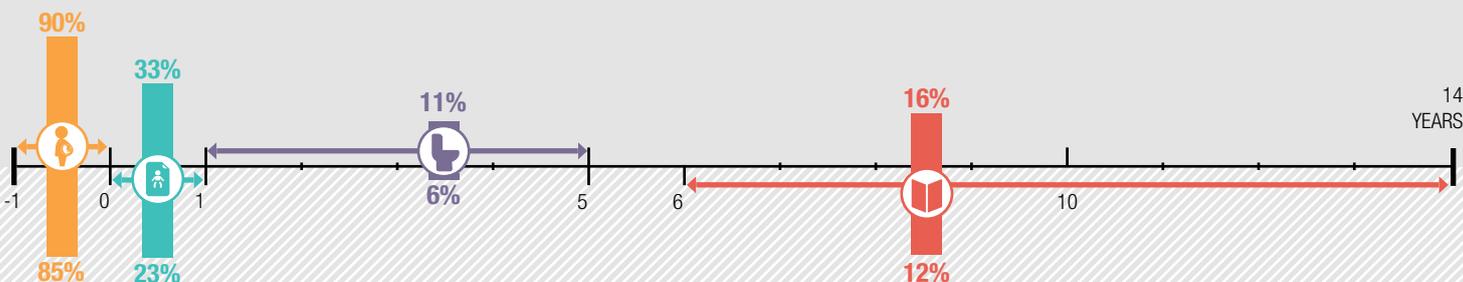
Fewer than 4 antenatal visits: -1-0 years

Not registered at birth: 0-1 year

Diarrhoea: 0-5 years

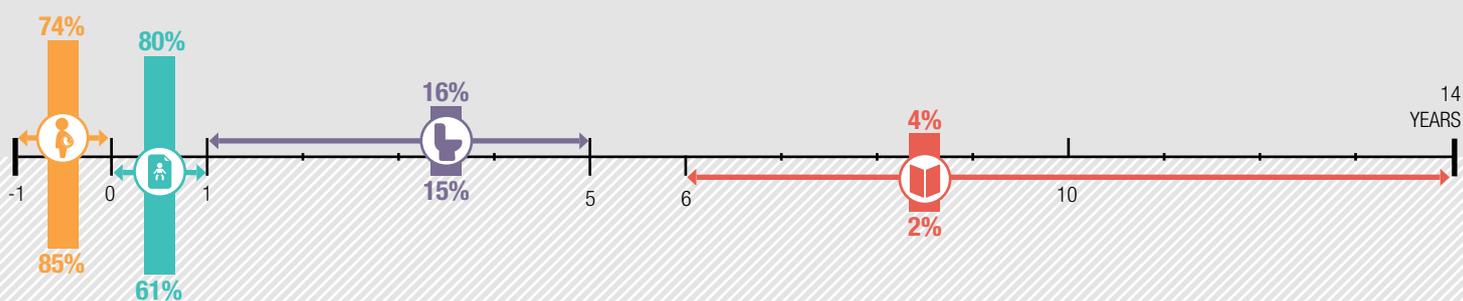
Not enrolled in primary education: 6-14 years

### Chronically poor in disaster-prone areas of India



### Chronically poor in areas with fewer disasters in India

### Poor in disaster-prone areas in Kenya\*



### Poor in areas with fewer disasters in Kenya

Disaster-prone areas: those that experience disasters more frequently than the average over the preceding three-year period  
\* This sample focuses on the poor in Kakamega, Bungoma, and Turkana in Kenya only

## Disasters and climate change can reverse years of development gains

**Disasters and climate change affect:**

- household's poverty status
- children's long-term poverty pathways
- systems and services central to a child's wellbeing

**Poverty eradication policies must be risk-informed to:**

- tackle chronic poverty
- stop impoverishment
- sustain poverty escapes
- build adaptive capacities
- support children's development outcomes